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(54) Title: SANITARY TOWEL AND SIMI	LAR OBJEC	CTS	WITH ANTISEPTIC PROPERTIES	3

(57) Abstract

Sanitary towels in particular nappies, pants for infants, women, incontinent adults, treated with paraoxybenzoate of ethylene glycol phenyl undecyl ether, with chemical products in general having a bactericidal, fungicidal, antiseptic and antifermentative action.

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Sanitary towel and similar objects with antiseptic properties.

- The invention relates to sanitary towels in the form of nappies, pants and the like to be applied to the procto-uro-genital areas, for infants, women and incontinent adults.
- Sanitary towels by their very nature collect and conserve organic liquids.
 - These liquids, being excretions from the body, tend to decompose, generate unpleasant smells, infect and irritate the delicate and sensitive parts to which sanitary towels are applied.
- The object of the invention are sanitary towels in their various forms of nappies, pants and the like to render them suitable for infants, women and incontinent adults, treated with chemical preparations having a bactericidal, fungicidal and generally antiseptic action.
- The treatment is performed according to the various cases both on the raw materials which make up the fluff, such as cotton-wool and the like, and on the filtering lining and on the fluff or the linings themselves, or on both, during manufacture of the sanitary towels.
- 25 In another process the sanitary towels are treated after they have been manufactured.
 - The treatment is performed advantageously by means of a spraying technique which allows either the fluff or the lining material or both to be impregnated thoroughly and
- 30 easily, as required, either before manufacture of the sanitary towels or during manufacture itself, or on the finished product.
 - A particularly suitable chemical preparation for the purposes of this invention is the following:
- 35 paraoxybenzoate of ethylene glycol phenyl undecyl ether solubilized in distilled water with the aid of

cetyltrimethylammonium chloride.

The effects of the above preparation have been checked by numerous experiments.

The following are the results obtained at the "Institute of Health and Preventive Medicine" of the University of Catania on 1 September 1989.

12 commercially available sanitary towels and 12 sanitary towels treated with the aforementioned chemical preparation were used.

The sanitary towels were impregnated by means of a spraying technique.

A quantity equivalent to circa 1 ml of the product was distributed evenly on each sanitary towel.

In order to test antibacterial activity at the outer surface of the sanitary towel, about 4 cm² of the surface layer of each sample were soaked with bacterial suspensions of two micro-organisms:

- Gram-positive (Staphylococcus aureus ATCC 9144)
- Gram-negative (Escherichia coli ATCC 25922).
- The concentration of these suspensions was circa 10^5 bacteria per ml.

After an hour of contact in an incubator set at 37°C, the samples were pressed onto the surface of a suitable culture medium (Mueller-Hinton's agar) contained in petri dishes.

The dishes were then incubated at 37°C for 24 hours.

The number of colonies which had developed was then counted.

The four columns of the table below give the results obtained:

- column A gives the number of colony forming units (CFU) of S. aureus in 12 untreated sanitary towels:
- column B gives the number of colony forming units (CFU) of S. sureus in 12 treated sanitary towels;
- column C gives the number of colony forming units (CFU) of E. coli in 12 untreated sanitary towels:
- column D gives the number of colony forming units (CFU) of E. coli in 12 treated sanitary towels.

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TABLE

	TUBE							
	Number	of colony	forming	units	(CFU) o	of S. aureus	and of	<u>E.</u>
	<u>coli</u>			•				
				A	В	c	D	
5			•	230	82	250	2	7
3				202	80	230	:	5
				199	80	195	,	6
				366	150	190	•	7
				380	43	340	2	3
10				215	90	180	(0
				255	65	205	1	5
			•	389	71	132	(9
				108	68	198	1	1
				263	102	150	•	7
15				157	88	3 165	4	0
				336	114	218	2	1
	Average			258	86	204	14	 4
20	Reducti	ion in per	centage	•	77%		93%	

20 Reduction in percentage // %

As can be seen from this table, the averages of the units (CFU) of S. aureus were 258 for the untreated sanitary towels and 86 for those treated, while the averages of the units (CFU) of E. coli were 204 for the untreated sanitary towels and 14 for those treated.

Therefore the reduction in percentage obtained with the chemical preparation tested on the samples compared was 77% for the units (CFU) of S. aureus and 93% for the units (CFU) of E. coli.

The advantages of the invention are clear.

Using simple means which do not require complicated and costly systems, virtually all the negative consequences which depend on the accumulation of harmful and decomposed substances and their contact, due to the actual nature of sanitary towels, with delicate parts of the human body, are

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prevented and fought, above all avoiding irritations, infections and unpleasant smells.

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CLAIMS

- 1) Sanitary towels in general, more particularly nappies, pants and the like for infants, women, incontinent adults, characterised in that they are treated with chemical preparations having a bactericidal, fungicidal, generally antiseptic and antifermentative action.
- 2) Sanitary towels in general, as in claim 1), characterised in that the treatment by means of chemical preparations is performed on the raw materials which make up the fluff.
- 3) Sanitary towels in general, as in claim 1), characterised in that the treatment by means of chemical preparations is performed on the filtering linings of the fluff.
 - 4) Sanitary towels in general as in claim 1), characterised in that the treatment by means of chemical preparations is performed on the fluff during manufacture of the sanitary towels themselves.
 - 5) Sanitary towels in general as in claim 1), characterised in that the treatment by means of chemical preparations is performed on the linings of the fluff during manufacture of the sanitary towels themselves.
 - 6) Sanitary towels in general, as in claim 1), characterised in that the treatment by means of chemical preparations is performed on the sanitary towels themselves after their manufacture.
- 7) Sanitary towels in general, as in claim 1), characterised in that the treatment by means of chemical preparations is performed with a spraying technique.
- 8) Sanitary towels in general, as in claim 1), characterised in that they are treated with a chemical preparation composed of paroxybenzoate of ethylene glycol phenyl undecyl ether solubilized in distilled water with the aid of cetyltrimethylammonium chloride.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

	International Application No	PCT/TT	89/00084
I. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER : 1 Several Class	*****	101/11	07700084
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¹ PC ⁵ : A 61 F 13/15			
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ANNEX TO THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT ON INTERNATIONAL PATENT APPLICATION NO.

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Publication Publication Patent document Patent family cited in search report date member(s) date US-A- 3093546 None

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